# Holographic Renormalization Group

#### Ali Mollabashi

18/12/2011

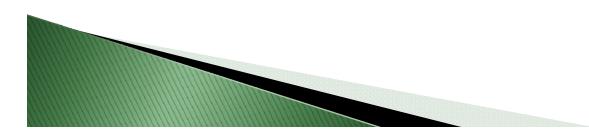


12/18/2011

1

# Outline

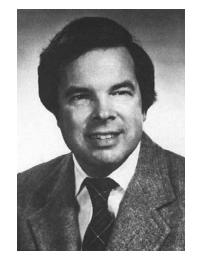
- Wilsonian Renormalization Group (WRG)
- AdS/CFT Correspondence
- Construction of Holographic WRG
- Open Issues



#### **Wilsonian Renormalization Group**

Integrating out high energy degrees freedom of a microscopic Theory

Effective field theory



K. Wilson (1936)

3

$$Z = \int \mathcal{D}\phi \Big|_{k > \Lambda} \mathcal{D}\phi \Big|_{k < \Lambda} e^{-S[\phi]} = \int \mathcal{D}\phi \Big|_{k < \Lambda} e^{-S_{\Lambda}[\phi]}$$
12/18/2011

#### **Wilsonian Renormalization Group**

$$Z = \int \mathcal{D}\phi \Big|_{k > \Lambda} \mathcal{D}\phi \Big|_{k < \Lambda} e^{-S[\phi]} = \int \mathcal{D}\phi \Big|_{k < \Lambda} e^{-S_{\Lambda}[\phi]}$$

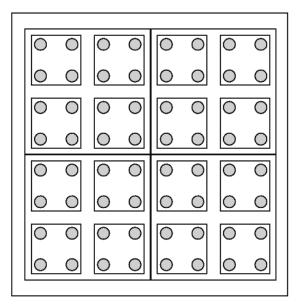
- Separate the path integral variables into high and low energy.
- Integrate out the high energy variables. Result: action with an infinite number of couplings.
- Cutoffs do not play nicely with symmetries (gauge, coordinate, extended supersymmetry, dualities!).



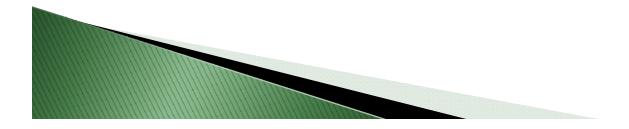
#### **Wilsonian Renormalization Group**

Considering all sites, the physics is described by H(T,J).

Now consider the blocks, if the physics is described by H(T',J'), the theory describing the system is renormalizable.



 $H(T,J) \rightarrow H(T',J') \rightarrow H(T'',J'') \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow flowing toward a fixed point$ 



#### **RG Equations**

Physics does not depend on the energy scale leads to Callan-Symanzik equation:

$$\frac{d}{d\Lambda}G^{(n)}(x_1,...,x_n) = 0$$

- Fix the value of the parameters at an arbitrary energy scale.
- Solve CS equation using the renormalization conditions.
- Result: running of the parameters.



# AdS/CFT Correspondence

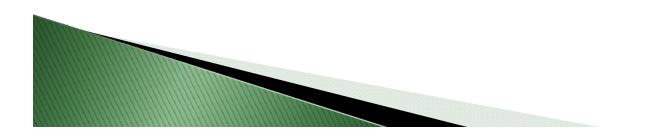
A classical weakly coupled theory of gravity living in d+1 dimension is dual to a strongly coupled conformal field theory in large N limit living in d dimension.

$$\left\langle \exp\left\{\int d^d x \,\phi_0(x)\mathcal{O}(x)\right\}\right\rangle_{\rm CFT} = Z_{\rm gravity}[\phi_0]$$

#### **Holographic WRG**



Idea: pull the Wilson RG back to the gravity theory, where it becomes the holographic RG.



#### **Holographic WRG**

AdS/CFT maps, CFT energy to 1/z, where z is the emergent coordinate:

$$ds^{2} = \frac{L^{2}}{z^{2}} \left( dz^{2} + dx^{\mu} dx_{\mu} \right)$$

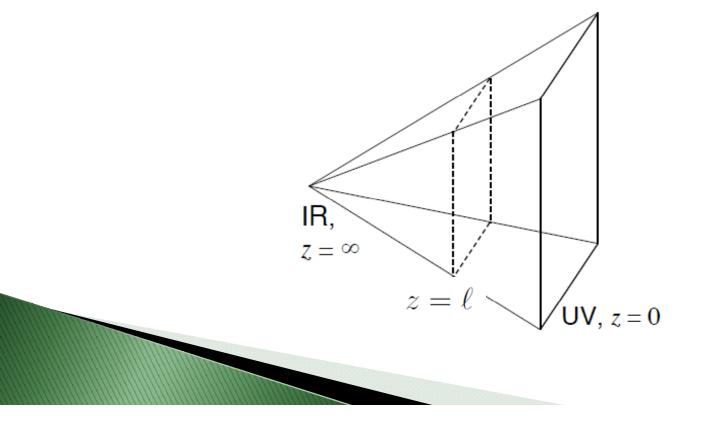
$$|\mathbf{R}|_{z=\infty}$$

$$|\mathbf{U}|_{z=0}$$

$$|\mathbf{U}|_{z=0}$$

#### **Holographic WRG**

This suggests that we should integrate fields at small z first, and progressively move the cutoff to the IR.



### **Outline for construction of HWRG**

1 – Splitting the path integral in the bulk.

2- Splitting the path integral in the field theory, and looking for parallels.

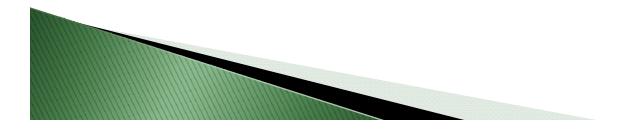


#### Splitting the bulk path integral

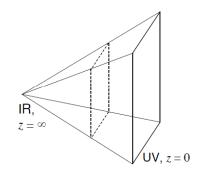
• Consider some scalar fields in a *fixed* AdS background:

$$Z = \int \mathcal{D}\varphi \, e^{-\int_0^\infty dz \, \mathcal{L}(z)}$$
  
= 
$$\int \mathcal{D}\varphi |_{z>\ell} \mathcal{D}\tilde{\varphi} \, \mathcal{D}\varphi |_{z<\ell} \, e^{-\int_\ell^\infty dz \, \mathcal{L}(z) - \int_0^\ell dz \, \mathcal{L}(z)}$$
  
= 
$$\int \mathcal{D}\tilde{\varphi} \, \Psi_{\mathrm{IR}}(\ell, \tilde{\varphi}) \Psi_{\mathrm{UV}}(\ell, \tilde{\varphi}) \, .$$

where  $\tilde{\varphi}(x) = \varphi(z = \ell, x)$ 



$$Z = \int \mathcal{D}\tilde{\phi} \Psi_{\mathrm{IR}}(\ell, \tilde{\phi}) \Psi_{\mathrm{UV}}(\ell, \tilde{\phi})$$



13

 It is plausible to interpret the large-z part of the path integral in terms of a CFT with a UV cutoff (Susskind & Witten, 1998)

$$\Psi_{\mathrm{IR}}(\ell,\tilde{\varphi}) = \int \mathcal{D}M|_{k\ell<1} \exp\left\{-\int d^d x \,\tilde{\varphi}^I(x) \mathcal{O}_I(x)\right\}$$

Where *M* stands for matrix fields of the CFT. This is the usual dictionary between bulk fields and single-trace boundary interactions but this time with a UV cutoff.

$$Z = \int \mathcal{D}\tilde{\phi} \Psi_{\mathrm{IR}}(\ell, \tilde{\phi}) \Psi_{\mathrm{UV}}(\ell, \tilde{\phi})$$

• In this stage assume that  $\Psi_{\rm UV}$  has a local representation in scale  $\ell$  so it can be expanded in an infinite number of higher derivative local terms (like the Wilsonian action).

$$Z = \int \mathcal{D}\tilde{\phi} \Psi_{\rm IR}(\ell, \tilde{\phi}) \Psi_{\rm UV}(\ell, \tilde{\phi})$$

The role of the functional integral over  $\phi$  on the interface looks like some weighted average over couplings.

$$Z = \int \mathcal{D}\tilde{\phi} \Psi_{\rm IR}(\ell, \tilde{\phi}) \Psi_{\rm UV}(\ell, \tilde{\phi})$$

 For example considering a single scalar with a Gaussian UV factor

$$\Psi_{\rm UV}(\ell,\tilde{\varphi}) = \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2h}\int d^d x \,(\tilde{\varphi}(x) - g(x))^2\right\}$$

Using our postulate for  $\Psi_{\rm IR}\,$  and carrying out the integral over  $\tilde{\phi}\,$  gives

$$Z \propto \int \mathcal{D}A|_{k\ell < 1} \exp\left\{-\int d^d x \left(g(x)\mathcal{O}(x) - \frac{h}{2}\mathcal{O}(x)^2\right)\right\}$$

Double-trace terms are generated!

$$Z = \int \mathcal{D}\tilde{\phi} \Psi_{\rm IR}(\ell, \tilde{\phi}) \Psi_{\rm UV}(\ell, \tilde{\phi})$$

> In general if we read off the field theory effective action using our postulate on  $\Psi_{\rm IR}\,$  it leads to

$$e^{-S_{\ell}} = \int \mathcal{D}\tilde{\varphi} \exp\left\{-\int d^d x \,\tilde{\varphi}^I(x) \mathcal{O}_I(x)\right\} \Psi_{\rm UV}(\ell,\tilde{\varphi})$$

Thus the Wilsonian action contains multi-trace terms, localized on scale  $\ell$  .



#### **HRG Equations**

Varying  $\ell$  gives radial Schrodinger equations

$$\partial_{\ell} \Psi_{\mathrm{IR}}(\ell, \tilde{\varphi}) = H(\tilde{\varphi}, \delta/\delta \tilde{\varphi}) \Psi_{\mathrm{IR}}(\ell, \tilde{\varphi}) , \partial_{\ell} \Psi_{\mathrm{UV}}(\ell, \tilde{\varphi}) = -H(\tilde{\varphi}, \delta/\delta \tilde{\varphi}) \Psi_{\mathrm{UV}}(\ell, \tilde{\varphi})$$

The 'Wilsonian action' is the integral transform of UV and satisfies.

$$\partial_{\ell} e^{-S_{\ell}} = -H(\delta/\delta \mathcal{O}, \mathcal{O})e^{-S_{\ell}}$$

This should be compared with the RG on the path integral is independent of where the splitting is done, e field theory side.

$$0 = \frac{d}{d\ell} Z = \frac{d}{d\ell} \left\langle e^{-S_{\ell}} \right\rangle_{\ell}$$

## Outlook

- WRG leads to the running of the parameters.
- AdS/CFT is correspondence between a gravity theory with a QFT (without gravity).
- Applying the AdS/CFT recipe to a part of AdS space leads to a recipe for HWRG.
- The relation between the cutoffs (AdS space and QFT) is not determined yet.
- We don't have a recipe of HWRG for the general gauge/gravity duality.

